

EXHIBIT A**Neurokinin-1 Receptor / ¹²⁵I-Substance P Binding Assay****MATERIALS USED IN THE ASSAY:**

Membranes: UC-11 (Human astrocytoma) cells (Biosignal/Amersham cat# V6110551-200U)
Ligand: ¹²⁵I-SP (NEN Life Sciences cat# NEX152)
Cold Substance P (SP): BACHEM cat# H-1890
Assay Buffer: 40 mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 5 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA, 0.5% BSA, 0.025% Bacitracin
0.3% Polyethylenimine
Tissue grinder, glass, with teflon pestle
Stedfast Tissue Homogenizer
96 well round bottom polypropylene plates
GF/C filter plates
various pipeters, both single and multichannel
Packard Filtermate Harvester
Drying oven
Plate sealers, for top and bottom of filter plates
Scintillation fluid
Packard Topcount-NXT Microplate Scintillation Counter

METHODS:**Preparation of Assay Components:**

The assay buffer was prepared by making a solution that was 40 mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 5 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA, 0.5% BSA, and 0.025% Bacitracin wherein the Bacitracin solution was prepared first by preparation of a 1% Bacitracin solution in water (Sigma #B-8800), subsequent addition of HCl to solubilize (pH 3 to 5) while vortexing and then, freezing of the resultant clear solution (-20°C).

The membranes, UC-11 (Human astrocytoma) cells (Biosignal/Amersham cat# V6110551-200U), were thawed and, along with cold (stored at 4°C) Substance P (BACHEM cat# H-1890), kept on ice until the procedure was run. The ligand ¹²⁵I-SP (NEN Life Sciences cat# NEX152) was in solution and stored at 4°C according to manufacturer recommendations. Unlabelled SP was prepared in water that had been degassed and purged with nitrogen. It was stored at -80°C in aliquots.

Assay Procedure:

The volume of membrane stock solution to make 10 ml of 50 µg/ml for each assay plate was determined. The membranes were homogenized in approximately ½ of the final volume assay buffer, and then they were brought to the final volume with assay buffer.

The membranes (100 µl) were dispensed into all wells of a polypropylene round bottom 96 well plate.

The compounds to be screened were diluted with assay buffer in eppendorf tubes to obtain a final concentration of 60 μ M. This entailed the addition of 2 μ l of a 10 mM stock solution of test compound to 331 μ l of assay buffer for a final concentration of 60 μ M.

The radioligand was prepared by mixing 3.2 ml of 360 pM 125 I-SP in assay buffer.

A volume of 60 μ l of the 60 μ M test compound solutions were transferred into columns 1-5 of a premix plate which was a round bottom 96 well polypropylene plate. Column 6 of the premix plate was reserved for controls, wherein 2 wells got 60 μ l of assay buffer, 2 wells got 60 μ l of 6 μ M cold SP for non-specific binding, 1 well got 60 μ l of 60 nM known NK-1 binding control compound, a commercially available reference compound, and 3 wells were free, wherein other controls or 3 additional test compounds could be run. A volume of 60 μ l of the 360 pM 125 I-SP solution was transferred to the wells containing the test compounds and controls.

A volume of 50 μ l of the solutions in the premix plate were transferred to the assay plate which contained the membranes, in duplicate. The plate was incubated for 30 to 45 minutes at room temperature.

Harvesting Procedure:

A filter plate was pre-soaked in 0.3% polyethylenimine 30 min prior to filtering.

The assay plate was harvested into the filter plate, washed 5X with saline, and dried by placing in a drying oven for a minimum of 30 min. The bottom of the filter plate was sealed, and a volume of 25 μ l of scintillation fluid was added per well. The top of the plate was then also sealed.

The plate was counted using a microplate scintillation counter, wherein the emissions in the 2.9 to 100KeV were counted.

Data Analysis:

The data for the 4 wells containing no inhibitors were averaged. The data for the 4 wells containing 1 μ M cold SP were also averaged to provide a measure of nonspecific binding. The maximum specific binding was calculated by subtraction of the nonspecific binding from the average of the wells containing no inhibitors. The percent of control and percent inhibition were calculated using the formulas below:

$$\text{Percent of Untreated Control} = ((\text{Test average}-\text{Nonspecific Binding})/\text{Max}) \times 100$$

$$\text{Percent Inhibition} = 100 - \text{Percent of Untreated Control}$$